

MESSAGE OF GOODWILL WILL TO JAPANESE PEOPLE ADOPTED

Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America Adjourns.

WANT HISTORY SO TAUGHT AS NOT TO GLORIFY WAR

Special Commission Headed by Gifford Pinchot, Studying Con- ditions of Country Life.

SYMPATHY FOR JEWISH PEOPLE

Resolutions Offered by Bishop Hen- drix Adopted—Text of Mes- sage to Japan.

Adoption of a message of goodwill to be conveyed to Japan by a special deputation, the inauguration of a movement to suppress the exploitation of war stories in the history courses of the public schools of the country, and the creation of a new commission on church and country life, featured the concluding session of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America yesterday morning. Nearly 300 delegates representing thirty or more Protestant denominations, attended the annual meeting of the council, which began Tuesday morning in the auditorium of the Central Young Men's Christian Association Building. When final adjournment came yesterday morning at 11:30 o'clock the place for holding the next annual meeting had not been selected, although it was stated that the executive committee of the council will probably designate Los Angeles, Cal., as the gathering place in 1915.

WANT HISTORY SO TAUGHT AS NOT TO GLORIFY WAR

The report of the commission on Christian education was accepted yesterday morning with the recommendation that a movement be launched at once to secure the teaching of history in the public schools of the country in such a way that war may not be glorified. The report also recommended that special lessons on the subject of international peace be taught in the Sunday schools, and that a system be inaugurated in the public schools of the country whereby pupils may absent themselves from regular classes a portion of the time in order to be given instruction on religious subjects by pastors of the congregations represented in the schools. No recommendations regarding a change in the system of textbooks now used in the public schools was contained in the report.

TO INVITE ALL NATIONS

American Peace Society Will Proceed With Plans for Congress.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—All nations, including the European powers, will be invited to participate in the proceedings of the American Peace Society. Directors of the society meetings here to-day determined to proceed with plans for the congress, and to invite delegates from the countries of the world without reference to the war.

STOPS SHIP TO GET TOBACCO

British Man-of-War Supplied in Mid- Ocean by the Ansonia.

NEW YORK, December 11.—It was 2 o'clock in the morning, and the steamer Ansonia, from Liverpool for New York, seemed to have the entire ocean to herself, when a dazzling beam of light suddenly shot across her decks, and the dim outline of a British man-of-war loomed out of the shadows. "Got any smoking tobacco?" came from the warship.

FOR RELIEF OF BELGIANS

Flour and Clothing Ready for Shipment From Danville.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
DANVILLE, Va., December 11.—Over \$1,200 worth of flour, making one carload, and ten large boxes of clothing, most of it new, were to-day packed in freight cars and sealed up and ready for shipment to Norfolk to be placed in the Virginia Belgian relief ship. For the past three weeks the subscription campaign has been going on. The Fifth District commissioner has received \$445 from the neighboring counties, and in addition to this money many boxes of supplies have been sent to Norfolk for shipment.

DECLINES CHRISTMAS TRUCE

Russia Not Willing to Agree to Truce Benedict Proposes.

BERLIN, December 11 (by wireless).—Pope Benedict's offer of a truce among the warring nations during the Christmas holidays has been declined by Russia, according to the German official press bureau.

BRYANS GUESTS OF HONOR

Southern Society of Washington Gives Reception and Ball.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—The Secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan were guests of honor to-night at the international reception and ball given under the auspices of the Southern Society of Washington. Diplomats, officials and resident members of the society attended.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

PAYNE FUNERAL IN HOUSE

All Official Washington Invited to Cer- emony on Sunday.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—The House of Representatives will meet on Sunday to mourn the death of Sen. E. Payne, for thirty years a Congressman from New York. It will be the first time in fifteen years that the House has held a public funeral to pay final tribute to a dead member.

Resolutions passed to-day invited all official Washington to the ceremony. The President and his Cabinet, the Vice-President and the Senate, the Supreme Court, the diplomatic corps and the high officers of the army and navy were asked to be present. The Senate appointed a committee to sit with the House funeral committee, and arranged to attend the ceremony.

The services will be entirely religious in character. The choir of Calvary Baptist Church, which Mr. Payne attended, will sing, and a section of the Marine Band will play appropriate music.

After the services the body will be taken to Auburn, N. Y., by House and Senate committees.

ITALY GIVES PEOPLE WORK

Government Construction Initiated for That Purpose, Says Premier.

ROME, December 11.—Premier Salandra, in the Chamber of Deputies, yesterday supported the government resolutions requested by the government and favored postponing the approval of the budget for next year. The government proposals were approved by a vote of 309 against 29.

LINDER EXPLAINS ABSENCE

Judge Remits Order Declaring Him \$1,000 Bond Forfeited.

NEW YORK, December 11.—Judge Malone, of the Court of General Sessions, remitted to-day his order declaring forfeited the \$1,000 bond of H. L. Linder upon Linder's failure to appear yesterday to plead to the indictment charging him with violating the contents of a telegraphic message sent out by the Associated Press to the New York Globe, where Linder was employed as a Postal Telegraph Company operator.

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(Continued on Eighth Page.)

SCHOOLS CAN GET MONEY IF NEEDS ARE EXPLAINED

Dr. Thomas Walker Page Expresses Confidence in Virginia Legislature.

STEARNS TELLS WHAT STATE IS ACCOMPLISHING

National Society for Promotion of Industrial Education Closes Convention.

REDFIELD IS RE-ELECTED

Would Amend State Constitution Raising Compulsory Attend- ance Age Limit.

The Constitution of Virginia as it relates to compulsory education should be amended, declared C. A. Prosser, secretary of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education, at the meeting of that body last night, so as to include all children fourteen years of age. Instead of limiting the age to twelve, and there should be compulsory attendance upon continuation schools if industrial training is to effect the good which is desired and expected of it. He said that Virginia does not need more legislation, that the local communities can begin the work of industrial training without waiting for State aid, and that the State Board of Education can supervise the work. He pointed out the need of a separate department in the State Board to supervise industrial training.

REDFIELD RE-ELECTED

At Business Session Held at Noon William C. Redfield, Secretary of Com- merce, was Re-elected President of Ches- apeake and Annapolis Club.

At the business session held at noon William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce, was re-elected president of Chesapeake and Annapolis Club. Frederick College, vice-president, and Frederick College, treasurer, were re-elected to the board of managers. Mary Schenck Woolman, Frederick A. Meyer, Walter A. Layman, Hugh Payne, William Lyall, George Goring, Warner David, F. Edgar, H. H. B. Allen, Mrs. E. W. White, Dr. J. Chandler and Ernest M. Hopkins, Non-members, were made by a committee consisting of A. Lincoln Plene, Isabel Ely Lord, John Golden, J. W. Lieb and C. E. Richards.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

AS TO FUTURE WORK

The society last night adopted resolutions, first, to secure Federal aid, under wise restrictions, for the promotion of industrial, agricultural and household arts education in the several States; second, for the better training of teachers, men and women who have the opportunity to teach; third, for the broadening of industrial education as an essential part of formal agreement between employer and employee; fourth, for the bringing together of all interests in the advancement of child labor legislation; fifth, for wider knowledge and systematization of opportunities for employment of girls and women; sixth, for the closer co-operation of the society with the Federal Government, that the latter may make investigations it is impossible to be made by the States, and with manufacturers and manufacturers' organizations, and, finally, the society would make application to the seriousness of problems which this country must meet as a result of the existing European war—problems both of social and industrial fabric that will come to our shores, and of manning our industries with workers competent to secure for the country the best possible economic and domestic trade and commerce, and emphasize the leading part which this society, if it would continue the important work which it has already accomplished, should prepare itself to play.

RESOLUTIONS OF

THANKS TO RICHMOND

The resolutions are signed by James P. Munroe, Mrs. Schenck Woolman, Lewis Gustafson and Wilson H. Henderson. Leonard P. Ayres could not be present at the meeting when the resolutions were adopted. There were no resolutions thanking the city of Richmond. Mr. Stearns, principals and teachers, various clubs and the press for courtesies extended.

PAGE PRAISES

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

Dr. Page humorously reflected that the subject assigned him was not one with which he was especially familiar, and that, perhaps, he was being used to illustrate an error. Before he finished, however, he had impressed the audience with other reflections which were valuable in their import. He argued that it was only necessary to show the need for funds with which to pursue the work of vocational and industrial training, and said that the Virginia Legislature—a remarkably high body—had raised the money.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

RICHMOND WILL GET BALTIMORE BASEBALL CLUB

International League Mag- nates Decide Matter Be- fore Adjournment.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO CONFER WITH BACKERS

Adopt 140-Game Schedule, to Start April 27—Player Limit Is Set at Sixteen.

DUNN WILLING TO TRANSFER

With Barrow, Lannin and Ebbets, Jr., Will Visit This City Shortly.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, December 11.—Richmond will get the franchise of the Baltimore International League. This has been settled, and all that remains now is for the special committee, to which has been entrusted the matter, to discuss the matter and then go ahead and close the deal.

Whatever this committee does will be ratified by the league magnates later in the winter. At the final adjournment of the International League magnates late to-day, the matter of the transfer of the franchise was left open because it was thought that it could be handled better by a committee.

It is understood that the members of the committee are unanimously in favor of the transfer, thus practically insuring higher class ball for Richmond. The committee, however, intends to go over the entire situation, and in order to do this, it is understood that visits will be paid to Baltimore to confer with Dunn, and also to Richmond to confer with interests there.

BARROW AND COMMITTEE TO VISIT RICHMOND

President Barrow is on both committees. J. J. McCaffrey, of Toronto, and Charles H. Chapin, of Rochester, will aid him in disposing of the Jersey City club's affairs, while Joseph J. Lannin, of Providence, and Charles H. Ebbets, Jr., of Newark, will assist him in clearing up the Baltimore-Richmond deal. These committees are to report to a special meeting of the league, to be held during the second week of January.

That the league will continue its eight-club circuit was evidenced by the fact that a playing schedule of 140 games was announced for next season. The opening date was set for April 27. The player limit for each club was reduced to sixteen, but nothing was done in reference to the salary limit.

DUNN SATISFIED WITH OFFER

OF VIRGINIA PROMOTERS

Jack Dunn is willing to transfer the franchise, Richmond has made him an offer that is satisfactory to him, and there is no kick coming in that direction.

U. S. NAVY STRONG ENOUGH TO DEFEND BOTH COASTS

Panama Canal Furnishes Way for Quick Movement From One Coast to Other.

The whole bone of contention is over the transfer of Jersey City to Syracuse. The latter city has not come up to the price set upon Jersey City, and for this reason the transfers of the Jersey City franchise can be made at any time, but not until some city is willing to take over the franchise. The only city that has offered to do so is Syracuse. It is no use to announce one transfer until the second has been negotiated.

WAR SONG BREAKS UP DINNER

Starts Argument That Causes Deten- sion of Two by Authorities.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., December 11.—The signing of a German song at a dinner here last night broke up the gathering and caused the detention overnight by the military authorities of the German-born members of the Dominion Chain Company. Frank Pfeiffer, also an official of the company, had sung the song, and in mandating order to-day released both men and apologized for their detention.

CHARGES AGAINST SULLIVAN

President May Send Special Investi- gator to Santo Domingo.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—President Wilson conferred with Secretary Bryan to-day relative to sending a special investigator to Santo Domingo to investigate charges brought against James M. Sullivan, the American minister in Walker, W. Vek, former collector of customs.

WORK OF WAR RISK BUREAU

Insurance Amounting to \$15,251,261 Written From September to December.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—Insurance amounting to \$15,251,261 was written by the War Risk Bureau from September 2 to December 1, according to the first statement of its work, made to Congress to-day by Secretary McAdoo. Premiums received amounted to \$28,751. No losses have been paid to date. Claims entered amount to \$5,000.

Of the insurance written, a little more than \$10,000,000 was on hulls, and nearly \$5,000,000 on cargoes.

RUSSIANS CHECK GERMAN ADVANCE



Myron T. Herrick and Mrs. Herrick

Myron T. Herrick, former ambassador to France, and Mrs. Herrick arrived in New York on Wednesday on board the Rochambeau. When they left Paris, Mr. and Mrs. Herrick received an ovation at the Invalides Station, such as has seldom been given to a diplomat from any nation. The genuine grief of France at losing him was displayed in many ways. On their arrival in New York, when they posed especially for this picture aboard ship, they were met by a committee from the Ohio Society, a citizens' committee from Cleveland, and a New York committee, headed by Dock Commissioner Smith. The consul-general of France likewise met Mr. Herrick to express gratitude for all Mr. Herrick did in Paris. One of the most important things which met the former ambassador was the launching of his boom for the presidency in 1916 by the Republicans.

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DANIELS BEFORE COMMITTEE

Secretary of Navy Discusses Difficul- ties of Constructing Satisfactory Aircraft and Submarines—Thinks Government May Build Warships.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—Although the Pacific Coast is not adequately protected for war, the Atlantic Fleet could be rushed through the Panama Canal, while any hostile fleet would be delayed by the necessity of reducing Manila and Honolulu, in the opinion of Secretary Daniels. The secretary's testimony to-day before the House Naval Affairs Committee. In the course of an all-day examination the secretary also discussed the difficulties of constructing satisfactory aircraft and submarines, but expressed opposition to "extravagant appropriations" for either of these branches of the service. He predicted that ultimately the government must build its own warships.

While Mr. Daniels was before the committee the question of military preparedness was again under discussion on the floor of Congress. Senator Weeks, of Massachusetts, declared in a speech in the Senate that there was too much publicity of military secrets. He pointed to the secrecy observed by the nations now at war as an object lesson.

Secretary Daniels frankly told the committee that there were no Dreadnoughts or first-class battleships on the Pacific Coast. The only battleships there, he said, was the Oregon, a twenty-year-old vessel. The active naval strength on the Pacific he gave as nine cruisers, two submarines, one transport, one torpedo flotilla, five torpedo-boat destroyers, three submarines and one tender. The reserve fleet, he added, comprised five armored cruisers, four torpedo-boat destroyers and two submarines.

VESSLES NOW IN PACIFIC

NOT ADEQUATE PROTECTION

"Do you think these vessels are adequate protection to the Pacific Coast for war?" asked Representative Stephens, of California.

CONSTITUTIONALIST TROOPS

LEAVE CAPITAL FOR NORTH MEXICO CITY, December 11. (Via El Paso, December 11).—Eleven trains of Constitutionalist troops left for the north to-day. General Villa's special train is waiting at Buena Vista to take him to Irapuato.

According to his chief of staff, General Villa was to leave before midnight. He will be accompanied by George C. Carothers, special agent of the State Department at Washington.

CARLANZA REPUTEDLY

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
MEXICO CITY, December 11. (Via El Paso, Texas, December 11, delayed).—The Mexican navy has repudiated Carranza.

(Continued on Third Page.)

KAISER'S ARMIES FORCED TO RETIRE AT SOME POINTS

Column Nearing Warsaw Repulsed After Energetic Offensive.

WAS WITHIN 15 MILES OF POLAND'S CAPITAL

Servian Victory Over Austrians Appears Fully Con- firmed.

BOTH SIDES ACTIVE IN WEST

Sturdee Reports Remarkably Small Loss in Recent Naval Engagement.

Pendulum Swings Back in Favor of Russians

THE pendulum of war apparently has swung back again in favor of the Russians in the eastern war zone.

An official report from Petrograd declares the Russians have repulsed two units of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's army, near Mlava and Lowicz, administering enormous casualties and taking many prisoners and guns. At some places on the Mlava front, and before Lowicz, the Russians assert that the Germans made fierce attacks, but that these were repulsed and the Germans retreated in disorder.

Near Lowicz, according to the Russian statement, the Muscovites permitted the Germans to approach their trenches and then put them to flight with a gallant fire.

Successes also are claimed by the Russians south of Cracow, where, however, the Germans are said to be stubbornly resisting.

That Germany realized that Field Marshal von Hindenburg's brilliant manoeuvre, which brought the Germans almost before Warsaw again after they had been thrown back to the East by the Russian forces, was not a decisive victory was acknowledged in a statement of the German official press bureau. Dealing with the situation in the vicinity of Lodz, the statement said: "The resistance 'is by no means broken,' and that 'much yet remains to be done before the Russians can be considered definitely defeated.'"

The Servians continue to claim they have administered a crushing defeat to the Austrians, and have taken large numbers of prisoners and guns. On their side the Austrians say no new material events have occurred in Serbia, and that the reorganization of the Austrian forces is progressing without heavy losses.

Fighting continues in France and in Belgium, and claims of advantage are made by both the combatants. After having admitted the loss of trenches in the region of Ypres, the latest French report declares these again are occupied by the allies.

With the return of the French government to Paris from Bordeaux, a squadron of aeroplanes is doing scout duty over the capital to ward off possible attacks by hostile aircraft.

In France 400,000 youths of the class of 1915 have gone into training in the military camps and barracks. It is expected they will be ready for the campaign in the spring.

Berlin advice, which previously announced that Germany had agreed to Pope Benedict's suggestion for a truce during the Christmas holidays, says Russia has declined to agree to the proposal.

Unofficial advice record that Emperor William's condition continues to improve. His temperature is normal, and to-day he sat up for a few hours.

LONDON, December 11 (10:40 P. M.).—Of the five Austro-German columns which for some days appeared to be making steady progress in their invasion of Poland, three have suffered checks, according to to-night's official report from Russian headquarters.

The column making a downward stroke from Mlava, on the East Prussian frontier, reported in one dispatch from Petrograd to-day to be within Russian trenches seven times after an energetic offensive, and, under counterattacks from the Russians, was compelled to retire at some points.

The attacks of the main German column, which had its front on the line between Lodz and Lowicz, and which came down diagonally from Thorn, were delivered with great force, but according to the Russian account, were repulsed with heavy losses to the invaders. That the Germans attached great importance to the success of their attack here is shown by the fact that during the two days they faced the Russian trenches seven times, and were driven back by a murderous fire.

GERMANS LOSE AFTER TENACIOUS RESISTANCE

The other column which has suffered is that composed of German and Austrian troops which had been trying to outflank the Russian left flank at Cracow. In this case, the Russians assumed the offensive, and they claim that after a tenacious resistance they

(Continued on Eighth Page.)